## ARTICLES

OF THE LEAGVE,

MADE BETWEENE

## FREDERICKE,

King of Bohemia, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Elector of the facred Empire, Duke of Bauaria, Marquis of Morauia, Duke of Silesia and Luxemburg, Marquis of the higher and lower Lusatia, &c.

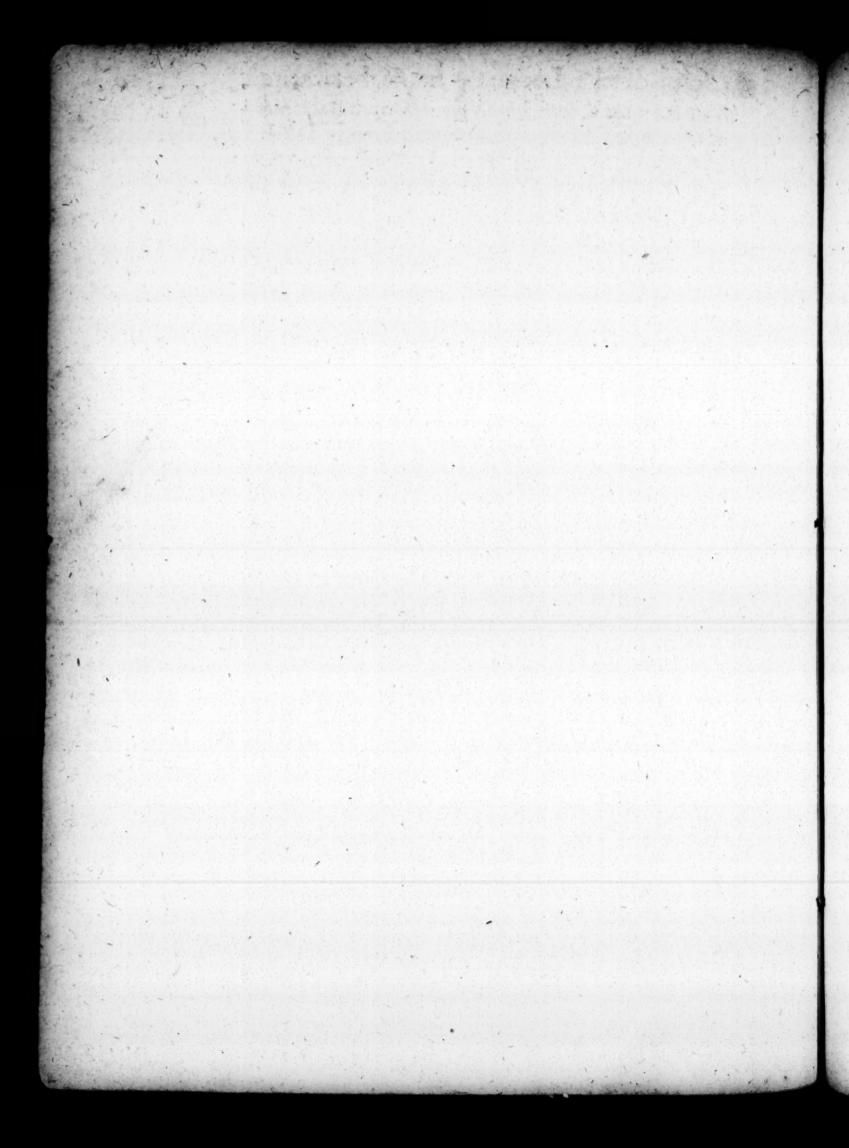
> And the High and Mightie Prince GABRIEL,

Prince of Hungaria and Transiluania, Moldauia, Valachia, and Earle of Siculen, &c.

Together with the States of the aforefaid Kingdome, &c.



M. D. C. XX.



Articles of the League, made betweene FREDERICK King of Bohemia, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Elector of the facred Empire, Duke of Banaria, Marquis of Morania, Duke of Silesia and Luxemburg, Marquis of the higher and lower Luzatia, &c.

And the high and mightie Prince, GABRIEL, Prince of Hungaria and Transiluania, Moldania, Valachia, and Earle of Siculen, &c. Together with the States of the aforesaid Kingdomes, &c.

N the Name of the most holy and inseparable Trinitie, GOD the Father, the Sonne, and the Holy Ghost; the most Wise, Righteous, and mightie Ruler of all Lords, Princes, and Kingdomes, to whom bee all honour and

prayse eternally. Amen.

We, FREDERICKE, by the grace of God, King of Bobemia, Count Palatine of the Rhine, Elector of the facred Empire; Duke of Bauaria, Marquis of Morauia, Duke of Silesia and Luxemburg, Marquis of the higher and lower Lusatia, &c. Send greeting to the said samous Realme of Bobemia, the Margrauethip of Morauia, the Dukedom of Silesia, the vpper and neather Margraueship of Luzatia (as incorporated Provinces with the said Kingdome) and to the higher and lower States of the Archdukedomes of Austria, and to all and every

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one of them in particular, to whom these Presents shal or may in any wife appertaine: fignifying vnto them, That although many yeeres fince there hath beene a strong and perfect bond of confederacie, vnitie, peace, and league, had and held from time to time, betweene the famous Kingdome of Bobemia, together with the incorporated and vnited Prouinces thereof, and the famous Kingdome of Hungaria, as sufficiently appeareth by divers and severall Treaties made and held in Vienna, Presburg, and elsewhere, whereof, on both sides, Writings and Articles were drawne, made, and written, which both parties, long time inuiolably and firmely have held, observed, & maintayned, vntill certayne turbulent and vnquiet persons, have sought and practized to set variance betweene them, thereby to breake and dissolue their said League and perfect Vnitie. Whereupon, the States of the Kingdome of Bobemia, and the Margraueship of Morauia, by their Ambassadors, did most friendly certifie the Prince of Transiluania, for that time being, together with the States of the Kingdome of Hungaria, not only long fince in the raigns of the Emperours, Rodulphus and Matthias, of famous memorie, deceased, to certifie them

them that then were affembled and had met together, to agree vpon, and to make a firme League of Amitie betweene them, but now also presently have sought vnto and desired them, that touching the earnest renewing, strengthening and better confirmation of their faid ancient League and Amity, they would not withdraw, nor shew themselues backward. Which infinuation (as it appeareth) being friendly and willingly accepted and liked of by them, Wee also having a great desire thereunto, (beeing perswaded that we have not wel performedour charge, duty, touching the furtherance & aduancement of the said Confederation betweene the faid Kingdomes and Prouinces) vnlesse we shew our selves wholly desirous and addicted to the faid renewing, restoring, and declaration of the said often desired league, as also to shew that thankefulnesse and gratuity which we are bound to yeeld vnto the famous Prince of Hungaria and Transiluania, and the States of the faid Countreyes, for having vouchsafed at such times as wee were oppressed with troubles and Warres, to fend vsaide.

Therefore to requite the same, We have not beene slacke, willingly to consent, and agree

agree vnto their request and desires, that by the aide and helpe of God, this religious, fruitfull, most commendable and profitable worke, for all Christendome, according to all good Christians desires, might happily proceed and goe forward, and the League by certaine necessary Couenants renewed. increased, and strengthned, (by the Articles insuing) with the famous Prince Gabriel, by the Grace of God, Prince of Hungaria, and Transiluania, Earle of Siculen, and the States of the famous Kingdome of Hungaria, then assembled in Presburg, vpon the ordinary day of affembly there holden, (his faid Maiesty giuing his Princely word and assurance, touching the same, with full authoritie, for and in the name of the States of the Principalitie of Transiluania, and the three Nations; for that by reason of the distance of places, and longnesse of the way, they could not send their speciall and particular Ambassadors) made by the most Noble, Honorable, Valiant, wise, and discreet persons, George Fredericke, Earle of Hoenboe, Baron of Langenbrucke, Bolestauia, Cosmenes, and Krulich, one of ours and the Kingdome of Bobemia's counsell of warre, Generall of the Armie, Colonell of three thou-

thousand sootmen, and a thousand Horsemen, and Knights. Henry Matthiau, Earle of Thueryn, Baron of Crutz, Willifeb, and Lestdorf, Burgraue of the Castle of Carolostem, one of ours, and the Kingdome of Bobemia's Councell, Chiefe Generall of the Campe, and Colonell of three thousand footmen. Leonardus Colonum, free Baron of Fels and Scheuckenberch, Baron of Englibourgh, Buchaum, Schenaum, and Hacherustein, Marshall of the Armie, Captaine of fix hundred Horsemen. lobannes van Bubna, Lord of Tzwischij, and Boranietzij Sergeant Major, and Colonell of a thousand Horsemen. Paul Wostersby Kæplerum, Lord of Sulemetz, Wotizey, and Salutz fi Colonell of the Ingeners, and of fifteene hundred Footmen. Paul Gsebinium of Pragh, Receiver for the States and Kingdomes of Bobemia. Iohannes, Baron of Wurben, Lord of Wlassenie, Lateni, Brudetz, and Biscupitz. Paul Wolbram, Lord of Frisbergh, Prouinciall Burgraue of the Margraueship of Morauia. Bernardus Tzastriziel in Namischt, Fredericus Meniardus, and Georgius Millerus Counsellors of Inuimands, in the Marquisate of Morauia. For the Dukedome of Silesia, and the States of the two Mar-

Margraueship of Luzatia, because they for the distance of the places, and length of the way, could not fend their speciall Ambassadors hether, (for whom the Kings Maiestie of Bobemia giueth his Princely word, and taketh their Commission vpon him with full authority.) The Lord Erasmus van Laudaum, free Baron of Haus, and Rapelstein; Andreas Thonardi, free Baron of Therubergh; and Rechbergh, Lord of Ouerhafsingh; Georgius Christopherus, Rouberus Lord of Reinegk Obrem, Trixen, Zacharium, and Stanzerum, Indge of the Prouincial Law in neather Austria, Georgius Erasmus Baron of Tseruembl, Chiefe Sewer of the Dukedome of Carnolia, and Margraue of Sclauonia; Iobannes Ortolpheus Tezman of Geylsbach, and Freidenegk, and Balibasarus Klesselboden, Counsellors of Steinen, Ambassadours for both the Arch-Dukedomes of Austria, sent with full and sufficient power to the said Parliament, in the Kingdome of Bohemia, We consulted, agreed, and concluded as followeth.

First, That continuall, perpetuall and an inseparable league of vnity, peace, & friendly amity, shall bee holden, and truely and vprightly maintained, and observed, from

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henceforth by and between the Kingdome of Bobemia. The Margraueship of Morauia. The Dukedome of Silesia, the vpper and neather Margraueships of Luzatia, and the States thereof, as Prouinces incorporated one with the other, and consequently, betweene, and with the true Kings of Bobemia, Margraues, Dukes, Barons, and their Successors, as also betweene the higher and lower Arch-Dukedomes of Austria, and the States thereof, that now are or hereafter shall bee, and the King or Prince of Hungaria, and the Kingdomes and Prouinces annexed to the said Crowne. The Prince of Tranfiluania, and those parts of the Kingdome of Hungaria, now annexed to the faid Principalitie of Transduania, as also with all the States thereof, that now are, and which hereafter shall bee.

2. Secondly, If at any time hereafter, (by what Enemy soeuer procured) the common and mutuall peace shall be perturbed, by inuading of the Kingdomes or Prouinces of the said Confederates, directly or indirectly, contrary to their said League, or if any of them, deceitfull breaking off from the said League, or the Participants therein, shall inuade vs or any of them, that then wee

shalbe holden & bound, with all our means, and power, and also with our lives, and the shedding of our dearest bloud, to ayde, helpe, and assist each other, in and for the maintenance of this our League and Confederacy, and therein and for the same bee ready to live and die. Neverthelesse, with such preparation and power as the necessity of the case of either side requireth, or shall require, and shall in time be requested as in the suture common agreement of the said confederated Kingdomes and Provinces, specially concerning the desence thereof, shall be concluded and set downe.

greciall and earnest care for the advancement and inlarging of this Confederation, by accepting the alliance of the Countreyes bordering about vs, that so it may bee more and more strengthened, but not without the knowledge, will, and common counsell and consent of the Confederates, vpon condition that those Countreyes, that are desirous and seeke to be admitted into this League, shall first be bound with the like Oath and promise that wee are, and that being done, shalbe participants of the ayde, freedom, freedom, freedom, freedom, as other Kingdomes and Provinces, cotained in the said League, noware.

4. Fourthly, The Articles of agreement in this inuiolable and perpetuall Confederance, made betweene the faid Kingdomes, Provinces, and States thereof, and in the behalfe of their Heires and Successours, shall as well by vs that are now liuing, as by our faid Heires and Successors for better and furer maintenance thereof, vpon enery day of generall meeting, be repeated, rehearsed, and openly read in Court, and presence of of the Assembly. And likewise, euery fift yeere at a certaine time and peace, with the consent of all the Consederates, order shall bee taken for the meeting and common afsembling of the said Confederates, at the which Assembly, all such disorders and controuersies, as by chance shall formerly haue bin comitted & happen, touching the maintenance of the Articles and contents thereof, may in time be holpen and preuented, or as the state, necessitie and conveniencie of the time requireth, may be augmented, and made manifest and cleerer.

5. Fiftly, Without the knowledge, will & consent, of the consederated Kingdomes and Prouinces, it shall not be lawfull for any of vs, to make any offensive or defensive preparation, yet if any Invasion be made in any

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of

of the faid Kingdomes or Provinces, or that any towne feared of inuasion, to be made by the enemie, that bordereth vpon any of the Confederates, shall happen, before any helpe may bee had, or proceed from the other confederated Provinces, or that they may have intelligence thereof, in that cafe, it shall be lawfull for any of the faid confederated Kingdomes and Prouinces, in the meane time, to defend themselues by armes against the enemy, as well as they can. Likewise, it shall not be lawfull for any of vs, particularly of our selues, to make peace or truce with any new or future enemy and disturbers of the common peace, of the incorporated Kingdomes and confederated Prouinces, as defenders of them, our confederacie leauing the rest of their Confederates, without the licence and confent of the rest of the said confederates. And common & solemne peace being agreed vpon, those persons shall therein be contayned, that for the publike service (either politike or marshal) have vsed all the diligence they could, for the aduancement of the faid kingdome and Prouinces. It shall also not be granted nor permitted to any of the Kings, Princes, and Lords (without the leave and good good will) of the said Kingdomes and Prouinces, to begin any open warre, much lesse to put or place any strange Souldiers into garrison in any of the said confederated Townes, Kingdomes, and Prouinces, nor to permit any troupe or troupes of Souldiers to passe through their Countries, Townes, or Prouinces, or to licence them

to depart.

6. Forasmuch as that the said Kingdomes and Prouinces, can by no meanes be preserued and vpholden, vnlesse the borders and passages of the Kingdome of Hungaria be maintayned and defended. Theretore, We the faid King of Bohemia, and the States of the same Kingdome, together with the aforesaid incorporated Prouinces, as also of vpper and lower Austria, considering, that at this time the state of that Kingdome is yet very vnquiet, and the greatest part thereof laid waste and ouer run, and that We, with the great costs and charges of our Armie, are continually burthened, and are likely daily to have more burthens and troubles fall vpon vs, yet to shew forth the cause of our true and willing assistance, Wee will from hence forth continue that payment, which before this time yeerely hath hath beene ordinarily and viually paid towards the Garrisons, and the maintenance of the Marches and Borders of the Kingdome of Hungaria, by enery confederate Province or Countrie, according to their portion. Which also in the next generall Assembly of the Confederates, shall bee truely set downe, and made knowne. But haning better considered of the welfare of the common cause, Wee are content to encrease the said summe with the value of fifty thousand Dollers of 70. Krutzers the peece, in ready money. But yet that it shall be held, reckoned, and accounted, to proceed only from Our good wills and neighbourhoods, for the maintenance and securitie of the aforesaid Kingdoms and Prouinces, and that the said summe shall not be employed, but only for the payment of the Garrisons, and the desence of the Borders of the same, as also that there shall bee certayne Commissioners appointed specially to looke vnto it. And if it shall so fall out, that the said Borders thall have any need or occasion (as being ready to decay) to be repayred and fortified, We will not be slacke (as Confederates) to enlarge and encrease some contribution towards the same, as by friendly request

quest made by the Lords of Hungaria, shall be motioned and desired.

7. Seventhly, specially, and before all things it is necessary, that peace should not bee renewed with the Turke, but only an ambassage, motion, and treatie; agreed vpon and constantly continued, and therefore from all the Kingdomes and confederated Prouinces, there shall be some sent to the Ottomans countrey, to renew, determine vpon, and itrengthen the faid peace. Touching the counsell, and furthering of this good and most necessary businesse, his Maiestie hath of himselfe vndertaken the care and proceeding thereof, and to fend his particular ambassage, as also that ours of the Kingdome of Bobemia and the Prouinces bordering vpon it, shall goe with it, and that then every one for his part take order for and prepare the Presents, and other costs and charges, that shal be necessary and convenient, for the setting forth of the same ambassage.

8. Eightly, the confederated Princes & Lords, to shew their good and true neighbourhood, to their Confederates & Allies, will take care presently in the beginning of Lent (if no waightie and important hinde-

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rance thereunto doth not in the meane time happen) by certayne Comissioners on both sides equally thereunto appointed, to ratisse and consirme the Borders of the Kingdome of Hungaria, Morauia, Silesia, and Austria, for the which there hath beene so long and continuals strife.

9. Ninthly, vpon request made by his Maiestie, and the States of the Kingdome of Hungaria, touching the good of those of Austria (to the great hinderance of the Kingdome of Hungaria) vntill this time with-holden (although true members of the said Kingdome) and now at last againe appropriated to the said Kingdome of Hungaria: The confederated Princes, to significate their good neighbourhood and confederacy, will take order, that things shall bee brought to a good conclusion, and will therein bee Mediators and helpefull, that the same may be restored againe.

10. Tenthly, In the confederated Prouinces and Kingdomes, in enery place, when and where they will, they shall all hold generall meetings and assemblies, with this respect, notwithstanding, that the Lawes, Freedomes, Privileges, and ancient Customes of the particular Kingdomes, Pro-

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uinces, States, Townes, Commonalties, and Persons of the same, shall on both sides bee

maintayned and observed.

betweene the Confederates may bee the Aronger: The value of the Mint thall bee made alike in the said Kingdomes, and confederated Provinces, and the Moneyes with good correspondence & limitation on both sides, Minted: and that in the next generall assembly of all the Confederates, in a convenient place (after the assembly of the whole Kingdoms) a certaine limitation and taxe shall be made of the greater moneyes, and that the smaller moneyes and the grosfest, shall hold all one course, whereof it shall bee needfull that a Publication should be made in all Kingdomes.

difference or question, touching the Contract of the League, should chance to happen; the confederated Kingdomes and Prouinces, vpon request made by one of the said parties, shall appoint a place, whereunto all of them comming, the controuers shall be declared, and the dissipultie thereof being decided, it shall (by the order and vpright proceeding of the said Confederates) be determined: and there it shall be requi-

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red, and by either side appointed, in a cause necessarily concerning them, as aforesaid, that the said partie Plaintise, vpon request made by the Consederates, shall vpon the general day of Parlament or Assembly, send thither their special ambassage. To the end, that any such waightie difference, which by chance may happen among the consederated Kingdomes and Prouinces, may openly and speedily be agreed vpon and ended: and in Hungaria, the King, Prince Palatine, and the Councell of Bobenia, & other consederated Lords, shalbe appointed as Protectors in that case, and in whom the fault shall first be found, to appease and pacific the same.

and perpetuall Law it shall be ordayned and prohibited, that in no places of the confederated kingdomes and Prouinces, there shall be any lesuites permitted to reside, nor be resident; neither that any man, of what state or condition soeuer he be, man or woman, high or low, vnder any pretence or shew whatsoeuer, secretly or openly shall vphold, maintayne, entertayne, or harbour any of them, much lesse vse them in any ambassage, either spirituall or temporall, for the Commonwealth; neither that any King, Prince, or any of the States in their particu-

lar places, shall vse their counsell or aduice; that also they shall not bee preferred to any dignitie, vnder what pretence soeuer they shall be called thereunto, vpon payne of notable disloyaltie and perpetuall banishment. The execution whereof shall bee referred to the States of the Kingdome or Province, wherein the offender, in this case, shall have had his residence.

14. Fourteenthly, When any helpe for the warre, or protection against any enemie of the confederated Kingdomes and Provinces, shall be required and fought for, and to that end be fent into this Kingdome, or to the confederated Prouinces, the chiefe Commanders shall have their dependance from the King of Bobemia, the Burgraue, the principal Captaynes of the Prouinces, Presidents, Collonels, and generall Captaynes, and shall proceed in their affaires against the enemy by common consent. And such Souldiers as are sent to aide them, shall certainly bee paid by them that sent them, and thereby bee held in better order, seruice, gouernment, & obedience, that they may not have any pretence or seeme to be fent, rather for the spoyling and ouerthrowing, then the defending, of the Gentlemen, common people, and the Countrie: and specially, according to the confederacy, they must not bee suffered to spoile Noblemens houses, free towns, Churches, Parishes, and Hospitals. And lastly, that all such shall by the confederated Lords in their owne Kingdomes and Prouinces, bee enquired after, and discharged of their service.

ent, as also the other Lords of the consederacie, that if any books of the affaires of the Kings priuiledges, or any written Copies, touching the Kingdome and the consederated Prouinces, in former times kept in any place (especially after the restitution of the holy Crowne of the Kings of Hungaria) in Bohemia, or in Austria, or that may there be found, that speedily, vpon the first request made, all and every one of them shall be given againe, and without any delay truly deliuered to the States to whom they belong.

friendship, good will, and diligent neighbour-hood and confederated League, may bee obserued and vpholden. If at this present there be any hostilitie, betweene, or among the confederated Kings, Princes, kingdomes, Prouinces, and their States, and Inhabitants, from this time forward, it shall, and must be wholly ended, and

for euer left off and forgotten.

17. And if any man shall presently or hereafter be judged to be banished, from, or out of one kingdome or Prouince of the Confederates, he shall not be receased into, nor entertayned in any other of the kingdomes or Prouinces in the said

said Confederacie, but in like fort shall bee banished from thence: And further, in all the confederated kingdomes, hee shall bee held and accounted to be a banished man, and it shall not auaile him, that without the knowledge of the other kingdomes and Provinces, he hath againe beene pardoned and received into grace and fauour (neuerthelesse, reserving the authoritie of Kings and Princes, of restoring such persons againe into the grace and fauour of their kingdomes and Provinces, with the confent of the States thereof.) But if any fuch banished person or offender, shall chance to have fled into, and faued himselfe in any of the confederated kingdomes or Prouinces, and shall therein be found, the principalest of that Kingdome or Prouince, shall (as aforesaid) bee bound, without any exception or excuse, simply and truly, to send that banished and wicked person, to that kingdome or prouince, wherein hee receaued that iudgement of banishment and punishment.

Lastly, Every King or Prince (now, or in time to come) of the kingdomes and Provinces, that have made and confirmed this League of confederacy, and promised that they will doe their best to vphold and maintayne the same, and governe his kingdome accordingly, shall by their force, power, and protection, proceeding from the same, with the consent of the States thereof, freely

freely vse the same against all their enemies. And if contrary to all hope and meaning, any of them both, against the freedome of Religion and publique priviledges therein granted, shall doe to the contrarie, thereby feeks to subuert and ouerthrow them; in that case the States thereof shall be free and discharged of their homage and oath of fidelitie, and shall have full power and perpetual authoritie to speake against them and to refift them, & for that cause shall not by any man bee blamed or accused of treason : and for the maintayning of this Confederacy, by all and euery particular person that is receased thereinto, as aforesaid, the King or Prince, at the solemnifation of his coronation, shall take a solemne oath, that he will hold and maintayne the same, and be bound thereunto.

Therefore, We the aforesaid King of Bobemia, and all the States of the consederated kingdomes, as also of higher and lower Austria, doe
promise for Our selues, Our heires and successors, without dissimulation, to vehold and obserue (all the aforesaid Articles of this agreement and consederated League, and all and euery particular point therein contayned, as they
are registred in the original, word by word)
willingly, and with a perpetual, constant, and
vnisorme desire, and also promise that the same
shall in like sort be veholden and observed, constantly,

fantly, religiously, and inviolably, as well as possible we can or may, and as firmely and refolutely, as if the same had verbatim beene decreed vpon, and publikely ordayned and confirmed at the generall Parliament or meeting, of the Kingdome of Bohemia, the Margraueship of Morauia, the Dukedome of Silefia, the Margraueship of higher and neather Lusatia, and also of the higher and lower Austria; certainely hoping, that it will so fall out, that on the other side, the aforesaid confederated Lords haue determined and decreed, all together, and enery one particularly, vprightly, constantly, and religiously, to obserue, vphold, and maintayne the same, and that with good neighbourhood, correspondence, and vnitie, the same will daily more and more be frengthned, and firmly grounded; which Almightie God, Authour, encreaser, and protector of all lawfull contracts and confederacies, of his great mercy vouchsafe to graunt. And for the better and firmer witnessing of this perpetuall League, We have here vnder subscribed Our hands, and caused Our seales to bee thereunto annexed.

Giuen in the Castle of Prague, vpon the generall day of meeting of all the confederated Kingdomes and Prouinces.

Anno 1620.

And wee, the aforesaid Ambassadors of the puisant King, and the famous Kingdome of Bobemia, and of the incorporated Provinces, as also of the lower Austria, with absolute and full power, being ordayned and deputed to bee at the consulting, treating, handling, and conferring of this confederacie, approue all and every particular things and points that are contayned in this accord of the perpetuall League, and in signe of our vindoubted sidelitie, beleeue and are perswaded, that by his Maiestie the King of Bobemia, and the States of this Kingdome, and the confederated Provinces thereof; the same shall by a speciall authentique Copie, vnder hand and seale, bee sent to the Prince and Kingdome of Hungaria and Transiluania, and to that end we haue hereunto put our hands and scales 3 giuen in Presburg, in the open and generall meeting, the 15. of Ianuarie 1620.